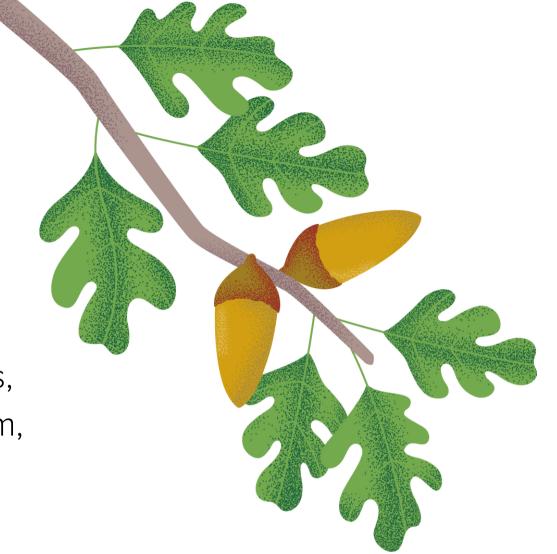
Yard Trees in Paramount

Selecting the right tree for your yard is important for its long-term health and aesthetic appeal. To help with this, we have adapted a list from City Plants of small, medium, and large trees at maturity that are best suited for residential yards.



<u>Deciduous/Evergreen</u>: Deciduous trees shed their leaves seasonally, while evergreen trees retain their leaves year-round.

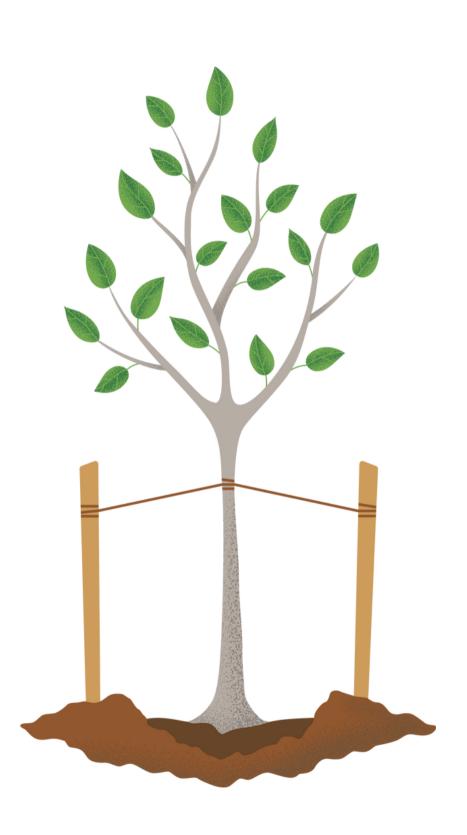
Size: Canopy Width x Maximum Height indicates the typical size range of the tree when mature.

Water use: Describes the tree's water needs.

<u>Sun</u>: Specifies the amount of sunlight the tree prefers.

Growth Rate: Indicates the average growth rate of the tree per year.

<u>Defining Characteristics</u>: Unique features or attributes that set the tree apart.



Small Trees

Small trees offer a touch of charm to your surroundings. Their modest size makes them perfect for providing just the right amount of shade without overpowering the space.

AFRICAN SUMAC

Searsia lancea

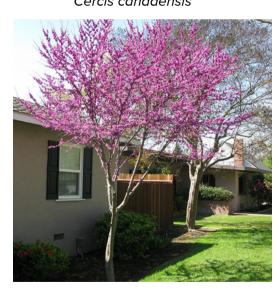




Evergreen 20-35 x 30 feet Very Low Water Use Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~24 in/year Great screen tree, inconspicuous flowers in summer.

EASTERN REDBUD

Cercis canadensis



More Info

Deciduous 25-35 x 40 feet Medium Water Use Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~36 in/year Pink or rose flowers in spring.

BRONZE LOQUAT

Eriobotrya deflexa





Evergreen 15-25 x 25 feet Medium Water Use More Info Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~36 in/year White flowers in spring and produces non-edible fruit.

FRASER PHOTINIA

Photinia x fraseri





Evergreen 8-12 x 30 feet Medium Water Use Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~24-36 in/year Clusters of small white flowers and red berries in spring.

CALIFORNIA BUCKEYE

Aesculus californica





Deciduous 20-30 x 25 feet Low Water Use More Info Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~24 in/year White/pale pink flowers in spring.

GOLD MEDALLION TREE

Cassia leptophylla





Evergreen 30 x 25 feet Medium Water Use Full Sun Grows ~36 in/year Yellow flowers in summer.

CRAPE MYRTLE

Lagerstroemia indica





Low Water Use More Info Grows ~24 in/year in summer.

25 x 25 feet More Info Full Sun

Deciduous

Lavender, pink, red, or white flowers

HOLLYLEAF CHERRY

Prunus ilicifolia





Evergreen 10-25 x 30 feet Low Water Use More Info Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~24 in/year White flowers in spring and small red berries.

PURPLE ORCHID TREE

Trumpet shaped flowers in summer.

DESERT WILLOW

Chilopsis linearis

Bauhinia variegata

Deciduous

10-20 x 30 feet

Very Low Water Use

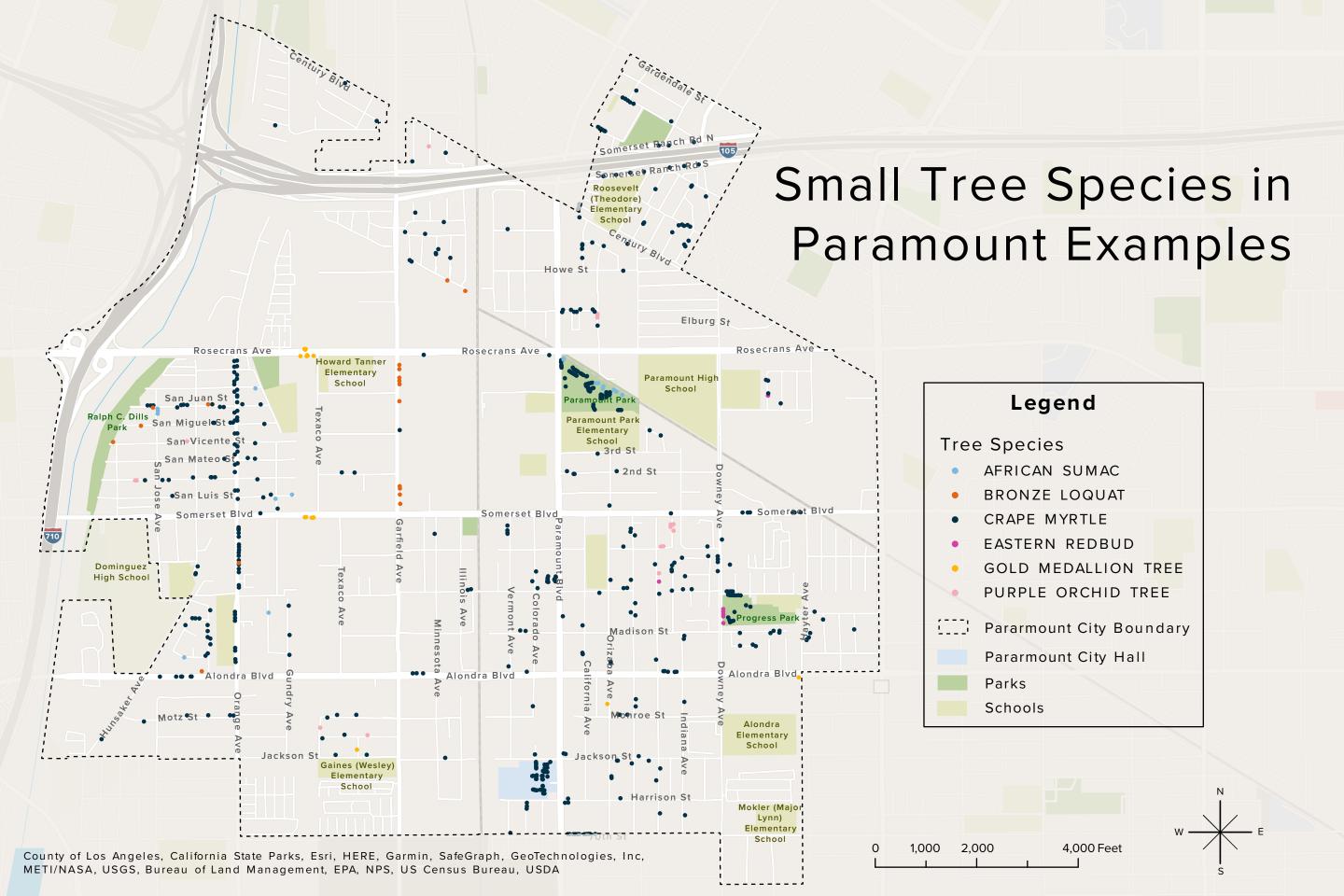
Grows ~24-36 in/year

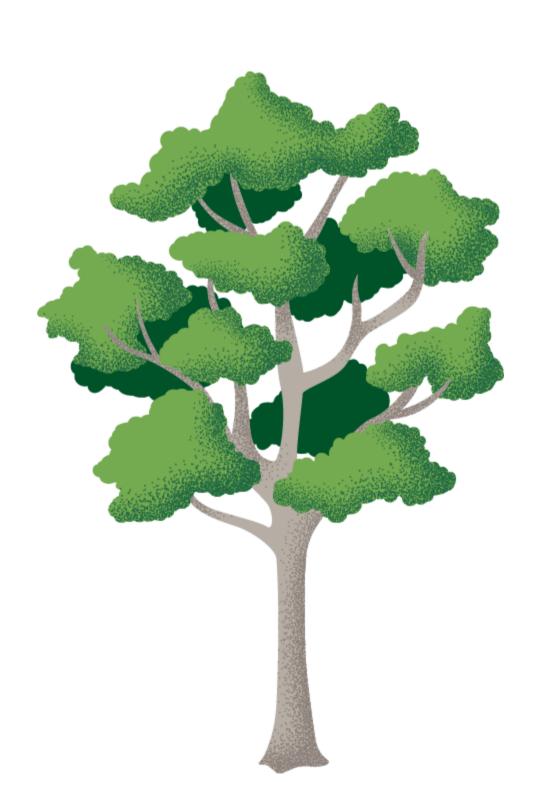
Partial Shade to Full Sun





Deciduous 20-35 x 35 feet Medium Water Use Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~12-24 in/year Fragrant, lavender/pink flowers in spring or winter.





Medium Trees

Medium-sized trees form a canopy that provides a comfortable and inviting environment. They offer a moderate amount of shade, perfect for creating a relaxing outdoor setting.

AFGHAN PINE

Pinus eldarica



More Info

Evergreen 15-25 x 80 feet Low Water Use Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~36 in/year Drought resistant. Thrives in hot dry climates and poor soils.

CHINESE PISTACHE

Cercis canadensis





Deciduous 25-35 x 40 feet Low Water Use More Info Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~24 in/year Flowers in spring, has fragrant leaf.

AUSTRALIAN WILLOW

Geijera parviflora





Evergreen 20 x 45 feet Medium Water Use More Info Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~24-36 in/year Inconspicuous flowers in spring or fall.

CORK OAK

Quercus suber

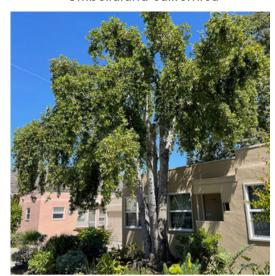




Evergreen 70 x 70 feet Medium Water Use More Info Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~24-36 in/year Long-lived (up to 250 years), twisted branches and downy twigs.

CALIFORNIA BAY

Umbellularia californica





Evergreen 60-75 x 80 feet High Water Use More Info Full Shade to Full Sun Grows ~12-24 in/year Yellow/green flowers from December to April.

MESQUITE

Prosopis glandulosa var. torreyana

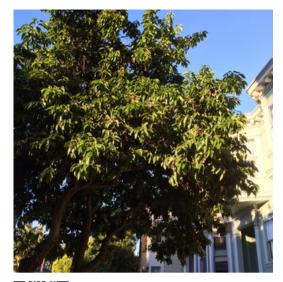




Deciduous 25-35 x 40 feet Very Low Water Use More Info Full Sun Grows ~12-24 in/year Clusters of greenish-yellow flowers from spring until summer.

CAROLINA LAUREL CHERRY

Prunus caroliniana





15-25 x 30 feet Medium Water Use More Info Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~36 in/year Shiny green foliage, withstands heat, dryness and wind.

OLIVE TREE

Olea europaea





Evergreen 25-30 x 30 feet Low Water Use Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~12-24 in/year Inconspicuous, fragrant flowers in spring.

CHINESE FLAME TREE

Koelreuteria bipinnata

More Info

Evergreen

Deciduous 15-30 x 40 feet Medium Water Use Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~12-24 in/year Yellow flowers in summer or fall.

PEPPERMINT TREE

Agonis flexuosa





Evergreen 15-30 x 35 feet Low Water Use Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~24-36 in/year Showy, white flowers in spring or summer.



PINK TRUMPET

Handroanthus heptaphyllus





Evergreen
15-25 x 30 feet
Medium Water Use
Info
Full Sun
Grows ~12-24 in/year
Pink flowers in spring or summer.

SILK TREE

Albizia julibrissin





Deciduous
20 x 35 feet
Medium Water Use
nfo
Partial Shade to Full Sun
Grows ~36 in/year
Pink or rose flowers in spring or
summer.

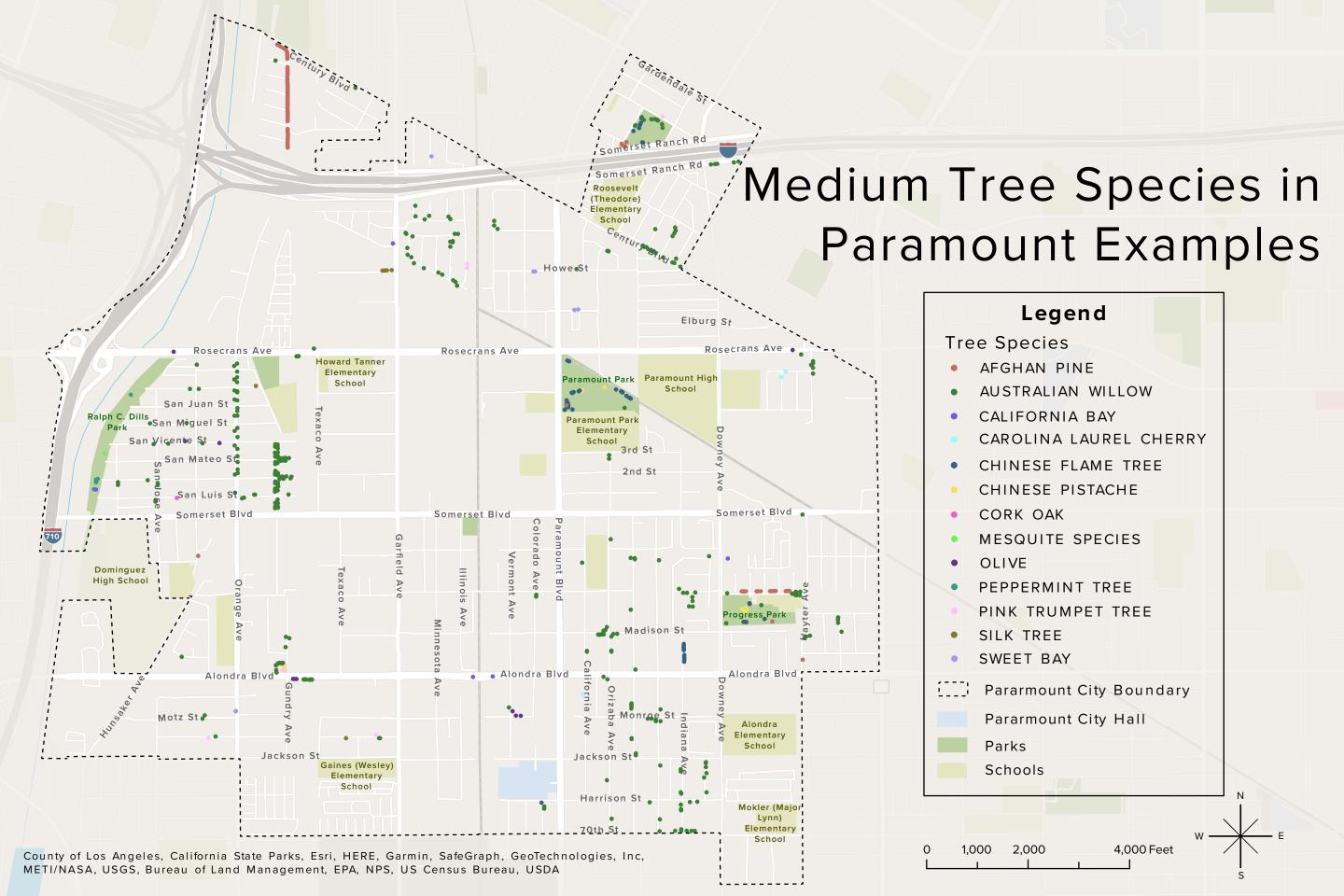
SWEET BAY

Laurus nobilis





Evergreen
15-30 x 40 feet
Medium Water Use
Info
Partial Shade to Full Sun
Grows ~12-24 in/year
Green, white or yellow flowers in
spring; leaves can be used in
cooking.





Large Trees

Large trees provide abundant shade, establishing a cool and refreshing environment. With their substantial size, they create expansive canopies and offer ample shade for larger outdoor areas.

AFRICAN FERN PINE

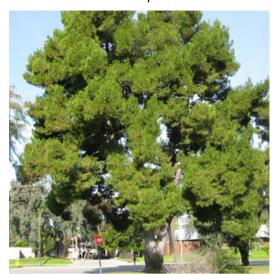
Afrocarpus falcatus



Evergreen 25-35 x 70 feet Medium Water Use Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~12-36 in/year Dense canopy, great for screens.

ALEPPO PINE

Pinus halepensis





Evergreen 20-40 x 60 feet Medium Water Use Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~24-36 in/year Long living pine, great for shade.

BRISBANE BOX

Lophostemon confertus

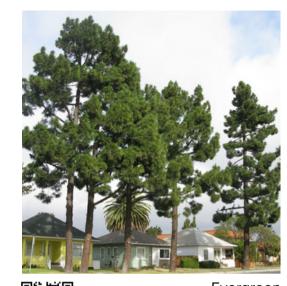




Evergreen 10-30 x 50 feet Medium Water Use Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~24-36 in/year White flowers in spring.

CANARY ISLAND PINE

Pinus canariensis





Evergreen 20-35 x 80 feet Medium Water Use Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~36 in/year Tall pine, with billowy dark-green boughs.

COAST LIVE OAK

Quercus agrifolia





Evergreen 20-70 x 70 feet Low Water Use Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~24 in/year Long living oak; large, spreading canopy.

DEODAR CEDAR

Cedrus deodara



Evergreen 20-30 x 60 feet Medium Water Use More Info Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~36 in/year Inconspicuous flowers in fall.

DRAKE CHINESE ELM

Ulmus parvifolia 'Drake'



More Info

Evergreen, partly Deciduous 35-50 x 45 feet Medium Water Use Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~36 in/year Flowers in summer or fall.

ITALIAN STONE PINE

Pinus pinea





Evergreen 40-60 x 80 feet Medium Water Use Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~24-36 in/year Open, spreading shade tree.

JACARANDA

Jacaranda mimosifolia





More Info

Deciduous 15-30 x 50 feet Medium Water Use Full Sun Grows ~36 in/year Blue or lavender flowers in spring, summer or fall.

TIPU TREE

Tipuana tipu





Deciduous 25-50 x 50 feet Medium Water Use Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~24-36 in/year Orange or yellow flowers in summer.

VALLEY OAK

Quercus lobata





Deciduous 50 x 70 feet Medium Water Use Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~24-36 in/year Thick furrowed bark, and

produces sizable acorns.

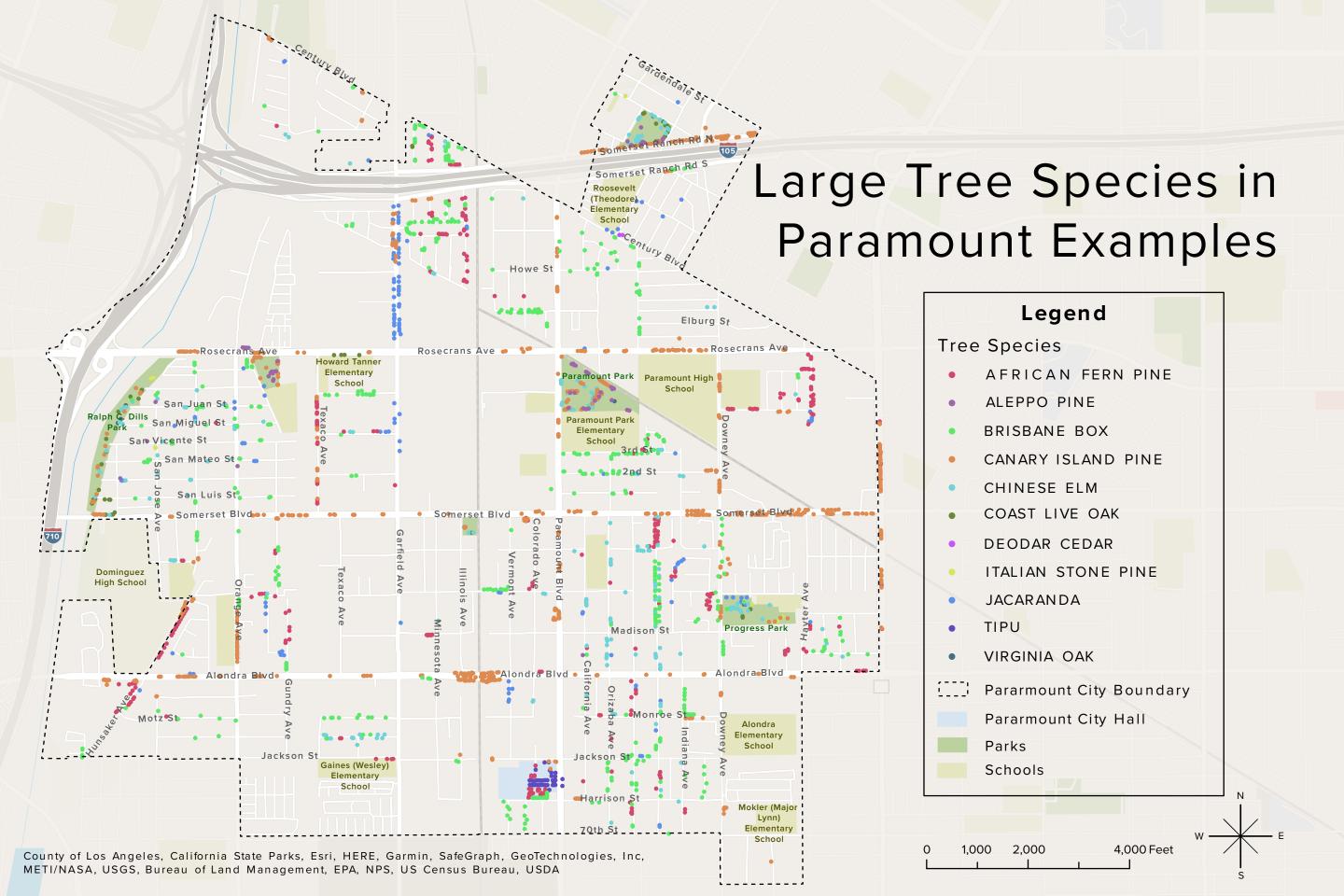
VIRGINIA OAK

Quercus virginiana





Evergreen 60-100 x 80 feet Medium Water Use Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~24-36 in/year sprawling and wide-spreading canopy.



Fruit Trees

It is recommended to plant fruit trees in the winter or early spring, as this allows the trees to establish their roots before the summer heat sets in. When selecting a planting location, choose a spot that receives adequate sunlight and has well-draining soil. Regular watering is also important for healthy fruit tree growth, especially during the hot summer months.

<u>Deciduous/Evergreen</u>: Deciduous trees shed their leaves seasonally, while evergreen trees retain their leaves yearround.

<u>Size</u>: Canopy Width x Height indicates the typical size range of the tree when mature

Water use: Describes the tree's water needs.

Sun: Specifies the amount of sunlight the tree prefers.

Growth Rate: Indicates the average growth rate of the tree per year.

<u>Fruit-Bearing Season</u>: Refers to the time of year when the tree produces fruit.

APPLE Malus spp.



Deciduous 20-25 x 40 feet Medium Water Use Full Sun Grows ~24-36 in/year

Fruit in Fall or Summer

APRICOT Prunus armeniaca



Deciduous

AVOCADO Persea americana



Evergreen 25-35 x 40 feet Medium Water Use More Info Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~24-36 in/year Fruit in Spring or Summer

CHERRY PLUM Prunus cerasifera



COMMON FIG

Ficus carica

Deciduous 10-20 x 30 feet Medium Water Use Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~36 in/year Fruit in Fall or Summer

10-20 x 30 feet Medium Water Use Full Sun Grows ~24 in/year Fruit in Spring or Summer



Deciduous 15-20 x 25 feet Medium Water Use Full Sun Grows ~24-36 in/year

Fruit in Summer



Prunus domestica



More Info

Deciduous 10-15 x 15 feet Medium Water Use Full Sun Grows ~24 in/year Fruit in Summer





More Info

Evergreen 20-25 x 25 feet Medium Water Use Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~24 in/year Fruit in Summer

LEMON* Citrus limon





More Info

5-10 x 25 feet Medium Water Use Full Sun Grows ~24 in/year Fruit in Fall, Winter, Spring or Summer

Evergreen

LOQUAT

Eriobotrya japonica





15-30 x 30 feet

Medium Water use Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~36 in/year Fruit in Spring or Summer

ORANGE*

Citrus sinensis



Fruit in Fall, Winter, Spring, or Summer

More Info

15-25 x 30 feet Medium Water Use Full Sun Grows ~24 in/year

Evergreen

PEACH

Prunus persica



Deciduous 25 x 25 feet Medium Water Use More Info Full Sun Grows ~36 in/year Fruit in Spring or Summer

PEAR

Pyrus calleryana





Evergreen 50 x 50 feet Medium Water Use Full Sun Grows ~24 in/year Fruit in Summer

POMEGRANATE

Punica granatum





Evergreen 15 x 15 feet Medium Water use Partial Shade to Full Sun Grows ~24 in/year Fruit in Fall

TANGOR*

Citrus reticulata x sinensis



Evergreen 15-25 x 30 feet Medium Water Use Full Sun Grows ~24 in/year Fruit in Winter or Spring

*As of 07/2023 there is an active quarantine for citrus species in Paramount. For more information and the latest updates visit the Citrus Insider Page.

How to Plant Your New Tree!

Planting

1. Clear the area of weeds and grass.

2. Dig a hole.

Measure the height of the root ball (where the trunk meets the soil) and dig a hole as deep as the height of the root ball, and two to three times the width.



3. Place the tree.

Carefully remove the tree from the pot to avoid damaging the root ball. Place the tree in the hole and ensure that the top of the root ball is level or 1" above ground. Gently massage the roots.

4. Backfill around the root ball.

Tamp the soil as you backfill to eliminate air pockets. When backfilling is complete, the root ball should be at the level of the soil or 1" above ground.

5. Build a watering berm (a low ring of dirt around the tree).

Build the berm about 6 inches high, outside the root ball perimeter.



6. Water the tree.

Slowly water the tree with a hose or bucket. Give the tree 15-20 gallons of water.



7. Mulch (optional).

Place a 3-inch layer of mulch around the tree to help control weeds and prevent evaporation. Push the mulch 5-6 inches away from the base of the trunk, because the trunk will rot if covered.

Tools

- Shovel
- Water (hose or bucket)
- Gloves (optional)
- Mulch (optional)
- Stakes and Ties (optional)



Watering

Give your tree 10-15 gallons of water once a week to help your tree survive its first 3 years. Sprinklers are not enough! Check to see if the soil at a depth of 2-3 inches to see if it is dry. If it is, fill a 5-gallon bucket of water and gently pour into the tree berm 2-3 times.

Staking

1. Remove nursery stake.

When the tree is large enough, remove the stake that is tied against the trunk. Fill the hole with soil.

2. Stake the tree if it cannot support itself.

Place larger stakes on the opposite sides of the tree. Ensure the stakes don't rub on any major branches. Pound stakes into the ground so they are sturdy. Use flexible ties to secure the tree to the stakes.

